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PART III.

Acts and Regulations passed by His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

REGULATION NO. V OF 1894.

(Passed on the 22nd day of July 1894.)

A Regulation to provide facilities for obtaining the evidence and appearance of prisoners and for service of process upon them.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide facilities for obtaining the evidence and appearance in Court of prisoners and for service of process upon them; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. This Regulation may be cited "The Mysore Prisoners' Testimony Regulation, 1894."

It shall extend to the whole of the Territories of Mysore, and it shall come into force on the 1st day of August 1894.

Criminal Courts may make orders under Regulation.

2. Any Criminal Court not inferior to the Court of a Magistrate of the second class may, in its discretion, if it appear that the testimony of any person confined in any jail is material in any matter depending in such Criminal Court or if a charge of an offence against such person is made or pending, make an order in the form in Schedule A or B (as the case may be) to this Regulation annexed, directed to the officer in charge of the said jail.

Civil Courts may make orders under Regulation.

3. Any Civil Court may, in its discretion, if it appear that the testimony of any person confined in any jail is material in any matter depending in such Civil Court, make an order in the form in the said Schedule A, directed to the officer in charge of the said jail.

4. When such order is made in any civil matter pending in a Court subordinate to the Court of the District Judge or in any Court of Small Causes, it shall not be forwarded to the officer to whom it is directed or acted upon by him until the same shall have been submitted to, and countersigned by, such Judge or the District Judge within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such Court of Small Causes is situate.

Court to countersign orders.

Every order so submitted shall be accompanied by a statement under the hand of the Judge of the facts which in his opinion render such order necessary, and the District Judge may, after considering such statement, decline to countersign the order.

Statement of facts necessitating order.

5. When any person for whose attendance an order as hereinbefore mentioned shall be made is confined in any district other than that in which the Court making or countersigning the order is situate, the order shall be sent by the Court by which it shall have been made or countersigned to the Magistrate of the district or division of a district in which the said person is confined, and such Magistrate shall cause it to be delivered to the officer in charge of the jail in which such person is confined.

Order to be transmitted through Magistrate of District in which person is confined.

6. In any case in which a person is confined in a jail more than one hundred miles distant from the place where any Court subordinate to the Chief Court in which his evidence is required is held, the Judge or the presiding officer of the Court in which the evidence is so required shall, if he think it expedient that such person should be removed under this Regulation for the purpose of giving evidence in such Court, apply in writing to the Chief Court, and such Chief Court may, if it think fit, make an order in the form in the said Schedule A, directed to the officer in charge of the said jail.

Order by Chief Court for removal of person confined more than 100 miles from place where his evidence is required.

The Chief Court making the order shall send it to the Magistrate of the district or division of a district in which the person named therein is confined, and such Magistrate shall cause the order to be delivered to the officer in charge of the jail in which such person is confined.

7. Upon delivery of any order under this Regulation to the officer in charge of the jail in which the person named therein is confined, such officer shall cause him to be taken to the Court in which his attendance is required so as to be present in such Court at the time in such order mentioned; and shall cause him to be detained in custody in or near the Court until he shall have been examined or until the judge or presiding officer of such Court shall authorize him to be taken back to the jail in which he was confined.

Prisoner to be brought up.

8. The Government of Mysore may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that any person or any class of persons shall not be removed from the jail in which he or they may be confined; and thereupon, and so long as such notification remains in force, the provisions of this Regulation, other than those contained in Sections 10 and 11, shall not apply to such person or class of persons.

Power to Government to exempt certain prisoners from operation of Regulation.

9. When any person named in any order made under Sections 2, 3, or 6 appears to be from sickness or other infirmity unfit to be removed, the officer in charge of the jail in which he is confined shall apply to the Magistrate of the district or division of a district in which such jail is situate, and if such Magistrate shall, by writing under his hand, declare himself to be of opinion that such person is from infirmity unfit to be removed;

When Jailor may disobey orders.

or when any person named in any such order is under committal for trial;

or under a remand pending a trial or pending a preliminary investigation;

or when any such person is in custody for a period which would expire before the expiration of the time required for removing him under this Regulation and for taking him back to the jail in which he is confined;

then and in every such case, the Officer in charge of the jail shall abstain from obeying such order, and shall send to the Court from which the order has been issued, a statement of his reason for not obeying the same:

Provided that the said officer shall not so abstain when the order has been made under Section 2, and the person named in the order is confined under committal for trial or under a remand pending trial or pending a preliminary investigation, and does not appear to be from sickness or other infirmity unfit to be removed, and the place where his evidence is required is not more than five miles distant from the jail in which he is confined.

Commission for examination of prisoners.

10. Whenever it shall appear to any Civil Court that the evidence of a person confined in any jail, who for any of the causes mentioned in Section 8 or 9 cannot be brought up before it, is material in any matter depending before such Court,

and whenever it shall appear to any such Court that the evidence of a person confined in any jail, situated more than 10 miles distance from the place at which such Court is held, is material in any such matter,

and in any case in which the District Judge shall, under Section 4, have declined to countersign the order for removal,

the Court may, if it think fit, issue a commission under the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, for the examination of such person in the jail in which he is confined.

Commission how to be directed.

11. Every commission issued under Section 10 shall be directed to the District Court of the District wherein the jail in which such person is confined is situate; and such Court shall commit the execution of the commission to the officer in charge of such jail, or to such other person as the Court thinks fit.

Process how served on prisoners.

12. When any process directed to any person confined in any jail is issued from any Court, the same may be served by exhibiting to the officer in charge of such jail or prison the original of such process, and by depositing with him a copy thereof.

Process served to be transmitted at prisoner's request.

13. Every officer in charge of a jail upon whom any such service as is mentioned in Section 12 shall be made, shall, as soon as may be, cause the copy of the process so deposited with him to be shown and explained to the prisoner to whom it is directed, and shall thereupon endorse upon such process a certificate signed by him that the prisoner to whom the process is directed is a prisoner in the jail under his charge, and that he has received a copy thereof.

Such certificate shall be sufficient *primâ facie* evidence of the service of such process; and if the prisoner requests that the said copy be sent to any other person, and provides the cost of so sending it, the said officer shall cause the same to be so sent through the post office by registered letter.

Deposit of costs.

14. No order in any civil matter shall be made by a Court under any of the provisions hereinbefore contained until the amount of the costs and charges of the execution of such order (to be determined by the Court) is deposited in such Court;

Provided that, if upon any application for such order, it appears to the Court to which the application is made that the applicant has not sufficient means to meet the said costs and charges, the Court may pay the same out of any fund applicable

to the contingent expenses of such Court, and every sum so expended may be recovered by Government from any person ordered by the Court to pay the same, as if it were costs of suit recoverable under the Code of Civil Procedure.

Power to make rules.

15. It shall be lawful for the Government of Mysore to make rules consistent with this Regulation—

(1) for regulating the escort of prisoners to and from the Court in which their presence is required;

(2) for regulating the amount to be allowed for the costs and charges of such escort; and

(3) for the guidance of officers in all other matters connected with the enforcement of this Regulation;

and from time to time to alter and add to the rules so made.

Publication of rules.

16. All such rules, alterations, and additions shall be published in the official Gazette, and shall, from the date of such publication, be deemed to have the force of law.

Power to declare who shall be deemed officer in charge of Jail.

17. The Government of Mysore may also declare in each case what officer shall, for the purposes of this Regulation, be deemed to be "the officer in charge of the jail."

Schedule A.

Court of

To the officer in charge of the (*state name of jail.*)

You are hereby required to have the body of , now a prisoner in un-
der safe and sure conduct before the at
on the day of
next by of the clock in the forenoon of the same day, there to give testimony in a cause now pending before [*or* in a certain charge or prosecution now pending before against
or as the case may be]
and after the said
shall then and there have given his testimony before the said
or the said
shall dispense with his further attendance, cause him to be conveyed under safe and sure conduct back to the said jail.

day of

A. B.
(*Countersined*) C. D.

Schedule B.

Court of

To the officer in charge of the (*state name of jail.*)

You are hereby required to have the body of , now a prisoner in
under safe and sure conduct before the at
on the day of
next by of the clock in the forenoon of the same day, there to answer a charge now pending before
and, after such charge shall have been disposed of or the said
shall dispense with his further attendance, cause him to be conveyed under safe and sure conduct back to the said jail.

day of

A. B.
(*Countersigned*) C. D.